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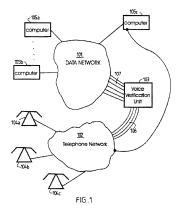
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## **EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION**

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- (54)Data network with voice verification means
- (57) A technique for verifying a user's voice prior to permitting the user to conduct a business transaction over a data network is disclosed. An order is received via the data network, and a voice verification unit is con-

tacted to (i) access a prestored voice print, (ii) obtain a present voice sample from the consumer desiring the transaction and compare said present voice sample to the prestored voice sample, and (iii) issue a signal indicating whether or not the voice correctly verifies or not.



## Description

## TECHNICAL FIELD

This invention relates to data authentication, and more particularly, to an improved technique of verifying the identity of a user of a data network.

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The use of electronic mail, data networks, and other electronic communications has become widespread over the past several years. More and more businesses and individuals are becoming connected to data networks, such as the internet, in order to communicate information in a paperless manner.

The growth in data network use has recently lad to a wide variety of goods and services being offered to consumers who use such data networks. For example, many magazines are now available on line, airline tickets can be booked electronically, etc.

One general category of available online services is consumer transactions. Consumers may purchase items by entering an account number to be billed, credit card, etc. The consumer cant thus place an order for an 25 item to be delivered to a specified location.

One issue of concern is security, and more particularly, authentication. Specifically, the widespread use of data networks leaves open the possibility of theft of credit card numbers, passwords, and other information which a dishonest individual can use to charge purchases to the account numbers of others.

While numerous technologies for ancryption and cryptographs authentication exist, these technologies include several drawbacks. One such drawback is that as the encryption usually involves a cryptographic key, and management and record keeping with respect to all of the different keys is not a simple task. Moreover, some sophisticated mathematical algorithms exist which can decipher the cryptographic information, even without advance knowledge of the cryptographic key. Finally, a clever thief may have a technique to steal the cryptographic key, just as he may have a technique to steal the password previously utilized with a particular user, account number, etc. Accordingly, the encryption technique is not completely reliable.

In view of the above, it can be appreciated that there exists a need in the art for an inproved etchnique of verflying a particular user's identify before accepting payment from that user or dispatching any goods or services to that user, in order to ensure that the payment is not being sent from a stolen credit card number or other account number.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The above and other problems of the prior art are overcome in accordance with the present invention which relates to a technique of verifying the user's identity by use of a voice print before allowing the user to engage in commercial transactions over the data network. In accordance with one embodiment of the invention, a voice verification unit is connected to the data network. The user's ID is ascertained by means of, for example, his data network address, and his stored voice print is retrieved from a voice print bank. The user is then asked to speak a few words, in order to verify the user's identity. The verification of the user's speech pattern may take place with the aid of a separate telephone call initiated by either the voice verification unit or the user's computer and/or telephone, or by the computer accepting and processing the transaction. The verification may take place by transmitting the voice in digital form over the data network.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 shows portions of a voice network and a data network, both connected to a voice verification unit in accordance with the present invention; and.

Figure 2 shows a flow chart for implementing the basic steps necessary for practice of the present invention.

# DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Figure 1 shows a conceptual diagram of an exemplary embodiment of the invention including a voice verification unit 103 connected to a data network 101 and a voice network 102. As shown in Figure 1, the data network 101 includes a plurality of computers 105 and a plurality of telephones 104, savoral of which are shown.

Lines 107 are shown as connecting the voice verification unit 103 to the data network 101, while inse 106 are indicated as connecting the voice verification unit to the telephone network 102. It is noted that each of the networks 101 and 102 is shown separately. However, as is known to those of ordinary skill in the telecommunications art, computers 105 and voice verification unit 103 may connect to the data network by utilizing a portion of the telephone network and a modern. The networks are shown separate, and are separate logical networks, but are not intended to be entirely physically separate.

The difference between the networks is effectively the set of addresses used to address each terminal. Specifically, each connection to the data network has a particular logical address with a specific name, while each connection to the telephone network has a particular logical address with a specific telephone number.

As is also known in the art, a user of computer 105 may access the data network, as well as other computers connected to the data network, from many different telephone numbers, but the address on the data network.

work will be the same, irrespective of from which telephone number said data network is entered. Additionally, a shigle particular telephone line may be utilized, at different times, to provide access to the data network to data network users that have different logical address speace, as coordingly, the networks are logically separate in terms of their different sets of address speace with though there may be some physical overlap between the two networks to 1 and 102.

Voice verification unit 103, which will be described in more fully heretire, is utilized no rodre to provide security when a user of the data network 105 engages in a commercial transaction via the data network 101. Voice verification unit 105 may communicate with computers 105 andor telephone terminals 104, as one or both may 16 encessary for the performance of the functionality of voice verification unit 103 as set forth hereafter.

Consider an exemplary transaction whereby a user of computer 105s is desirous of purchasing a service from a vendor. The vendor operates computer 105c. Additionally, each user of data network 101 is known to the data network 101 as a predetermined logical address. Such an arrangement is typical of the internet, where all users must register their internet domain name.

In one exemplary mode of operation, the user's 28 voice is stored in advance of the transaction at the storage unit of voice verification unit 103. This storage may take place, for example, when the user ligitare with the data network to obtain the user's logical address. For example, when the internet domain name is 30 entered, a live operator or voice processing system could be utilized to accept a voice print of predetermined duration or words. Details of how to accomplish this are described later herein.

Presuming the voice is prestored at the voice veri-siteration unit, when a user of computer 105a desires to engage in a purchase from a vendor that operates computer 105a; the user of computer 105a; the relevant ordering information and payment method. The payment method could be, for example, either a bank account number or credit card number. Atternatively, a depost account could be established when the user's voice is residenced at VVU 103.

The computer 105c must verify the user's voice prior to allowing the transaction. In order to accompliate such varification, computer 105c transmits the user's logical address for data network 101 to voice verification unit 103 in accordance with standard data transmission techniques of protocols utilized in data network 101. Voice verification unit 103 then maps the received logical address to the prestored voice print and reads the prestored voice print into its working memory.

The next task for voice verification unit 103 is to obtain a present sample of the user's voice. One exemplary technique for accomplishing this is for voice verification unit 103 to call the user on a predetermined, or user specified, telephone number through telephone network 102 and prompt the user to speak particular words into

the telephone. Other techniques are also described later herein

An alternative technique, if the user's computer 105a has a microphone, is for the user to input his voice print at computer 105a when he places the order. For example, computer 105c could transmit a message to computer 105a, in response to the order from computer 105a. The message, which would be displayed on the screen of the user's computer, would read "Please speak the following words into your computer's microphone...." or "Please speak your password into your computer's microphone." By utilizing a password in conjunction with voice verification, two levels of security are provided. Computer 105c would then transmit the logical address of computer 105a, along with the acquired voice, to voice verification unit 103. The voice could then be sent over the data network,, in digital form, in accordance with known techniques.

In any event, regardless of the protocol used to obthe present vice sample, voice verification unit 103 compares the voice acquired at transaction time to the prestored voice, and returns to computer 105c a signal indicating acceptance or rejection of the voice comparison.

Figure 2 shows a conceptual flow chart of the stops to be executed by computer 105c operated by the inventor. After start 201, the logon protocol is executed at block 202. Logon protocol is any standard protocol which, for example, may require the user to enter a password, or any other relevant information. The user then orders a particular service or product at block 203, which order includes an appropriate account number to which charges should be made. The account number may be a bank account number, or other information.

Prior to filling such order, the voice sample is requested at block 204. The voice sample may be requested in one of several ways. One technique is to print a message on the user's terminal requiring the user to call a particular telephonen number. (futneaction ID?) which injudy identifies the transaction. The transaction ID is similar to a purchase order number. The transaction in may be generated, for example, by utilizing a hashing operation to act upon the data related to the transaction, atthough other methods may be used as well.

The transaction ID is utilized in order to be able to pair the voice sample entered at the time of transaction with the prestored voice sample. In one simple embodiment, the transaction ID may be the user's data network address.

A message would be sent to the user's terminal, stating something such as "Please call 1-800-123-4567. Enter transaction ID ABCD, and speak your pass-5 word...." The 800 number connects the consumer's telephone to computer 105c.

Upon receipt of the telephone call, the computer 105c receives the current voice sample and pairs the

current voice sample with the particular transaction in question, based upon the transaction ID, in order to connect the current voice sample with the particular user. Alternatively, the pairing of the voice sample with the transaction may be based upon either the user's data network address or upon his logon password. The record containing the voice sample and other information may then be sent to the voice verification unit at step 206.

Altamatively, rather than having the voice sample 1 taken at computer 105c, cought ransemit the message to computer 105a while at the same time treassing time treassing to the voice verification unit 103. The voice verification unit 103 would than receive the bil free, beighopone call, or 15 may receive the voice sample from the data network 101, from the user. Of course, the voice verification unit 105 could place the call as well. Voice verification unit 105 may then verify the voice received. Voice verification unit 105 may then verify the voice received. Voice verification unit 105 may then verify the voice received. Voice verification unit 105 most then send the approval with the transemantion 10 or data network logical address back to computer 105c.

In any of the above cases, subsequent to the voice sample being received from the consume, those 205 transmits the appropriate information from computer 25 transmits the appropriate information from computer 25 transmits the appropriate information from computer 150 to voice verification unit 103. The information may include the transaction entered by the user during a telephone call, as well as the voice sample, Alternatively, if the voice sample was received directly at the voice verification unit 103 between the record would include only verification unit could match the transaction ID so that the voice verification unit could match the transaction ID received from the user with that generated by computer 105c.

In any event, the assembled record is transmitted at block206 to the voice verification unit 103 for processing. At block 207, the voice verification unit snots the appropriate answer back to computer 104. If the voice is verified as correct, then the transaction is processed at block 208. As also shown in Figure 2, if the voice is not verified as correct, then the transaction is rejected, 40 or alternatively, the user may be asked to reinput the voice sample, just in case the first sample was inappropriately corrupted.

In addition to the above, other embodiment for obtaining a present vice sample and comparing it to a 4stored voice print are possible. For axample, the prestored voice sample could be a chosen password. The voice verification unit, when prempting the user to enter his voice, could cause a message to be displayed on the user's terminal stating "Please speak your pass-sword. "Such a system adds an extra level of security by requiring any potential intruder to not only be able to imitate a partly's voice, but to know the password. Additionally, should a partly enter the correct password with the incorrect voice a predetermined number of times, the systemocul foreograpies a potential limit of the password and take a desired action such as prompting the user to change the password.

The voice verification unit may not be certain from which telephone number the user is accessing computer 105c. Accordingly, VVJ 103 could display on computer 105c a message sating "Please input a telephone number at which you can be reached, or onter ### if you can not be called." Thereafter, the user will be called and prompted for a voice sample, or, if he entered ###, will be given a predetermined time, say two hours, to call the VVI 103 and enter a voice sample. If the user made the call within the two hours, he would be required. Otherwise, the transaction will be cancelled.

The VVU 103 could be combined with, or made part of, computer 105c. Specifically, each transaction computer can have its won database of voice prints, or the voice prints can be centrally stored in VVU 103. Alternatively, the VVU 103 could store all the voice prints and simply forward them to computer 105c for processing and/or comparison.

The circuitry required to implement the voice and data recognition functions is well known to those of ordinary skill in the art and will not be described in detail herein. Suffice to say that a typical PC based voice processing system may be utilized at both voice verification unit 103, and as part of computer 105s.

With regard to obtaining the voice print for storage at the voice verification unit 103, one possible protocol recognizes the user's initial logon. Specifically, when the user logs on for the first time, the system connects him to the voice verification unit. The applications program in the voice verification unit sends a prompt message to the computer 105. The prompt message is displayed on the screen requesting that the user enter his or her voice. The voice is then stored in voice recognition unit 103, along with an associated user ID or password.

It is understood that while the above describes the preferred embodiments of the invention, vanious other modifications may be made without departing from the spirit or scope hereof. One onhancement involves taking into account the fact that verification algorithm may return a level of certainty rather than a binary digit. The system could allow transactions to occur if, for example, the VVU 103 returns an answer indicating that there is at least an 80% likelihood that the user is authernic. Different levels of certainty could be required for different monetary levels of transactions.

The voice print can be obtained by a data network or telephone network connection, either of which can be initiated by computer 105a, computer 105c, or VVU 103. It is also possible to utilize characteristics other than voice, such as fingerprints, retina characteristics, or other properties which are unique to an individual.

Other variations involve allocating one or more of the computing functions discussed above in the same or different computers. Specifically, one can view the described system as having the following four computing functions: (i) transaction junction, for accepting a consumer transaction (ii) an acquisition function, for acquiring a present voice sample to verify before function. for

acquiring a present voice sample to varify before allowing the transaction (iii) a storage function, for storing
samples of numerous previously obtained voice prints
to be used for comparison and verification during transsactions, and (v) a comparison function for comparing 5
the voice sample obtained during the transaction to the
previously stored vioce print.

The embodiment shown in Figure 1 hereof contemplates two computers 105c and 103 which implement all four functions. However, it is possible to allocate the four 1 functions differently and among any number of computers. For example, the transaction computer 105c could include a copy of all volke prints of authorized users. Upon a transaction cocurring, computer 105c could acquire a present voice sample and verify the sample against a previously stored voice print prior to allowing the transaction. In such an embodiment, all four of the tructions discussed above are implemented in computer 105c, and the separate voice verification hardware is eliminated. Other embodiments are possible as well, 20

The above describes the preferred embodiments of the invention, It is understood however, that various other modifications and additions will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art.

#### Claims

 A system for permitting users to transact data over a data network only if the user's voice is verified, said system comprising:

## a first network;

- a second network for transmitting data in accordance with said transactions; and means for verifying a user's voice by means of the first network prior to proceeding the said transaction.
- A method of transacting business over a data network comprising the steps of:
  - accepting an order for a transaction from a consumer, displaying a message on a computer screen of 45
  - displaying a message on a computer screen of said consumer, said message advising said consumer to enter his/her voice;
  - receiving said voice sample and comparing said voice sample to a prestored voice sample; and permitting said business transaction only if said
- voice sample correctly verifies.

  3. A method of verifying a user's voice prior to allowing
- said user to engage in a particular transaction over 55 a data network comprising the steps of:

obtaining, in advance of said transaction, voice

samples from numerous users of said data net-

storing said samples in a voice verification unit; accepting at a transaction computer, a desired transaction:

prompting said consumer over said data network, substantially at the time of said desired transaction, to enter a present voice sample; transmitting said present voice sample from said transaction computer to a voice verification unit over the data network; and

transmitting a response from said voice verification unit to said computer accepting said transaction, said response indicating whether said voice correctly verifies or not.

 A method of verifying a user's voice prior to permitting the user to engage in a transaction over a data network between a user's computer and a computer providing a consumer service, said method comprising the staps of:

> maintaining a database of voice prints at a voice verification unit, said database including a plurality of voice prints, each of said voice prints being associated with a particular user; receiving at said voice verification unit, from said computer providing a consumer service, information sufficient to ascertain the user desiring to engage in said transaction;

receiving a present voice sample from said us-

verifying said users identity at said voice verification unit: and

transmitting, to said computer providing a consumer service, an indication of whether said identity has been correctly verified.

5. Apparatus for verifying a user's voice comprising:

means for logging on as a first logical address to a data network;

means for accessing a telephone network from a second logical address:

means for storing voice prints of a plurality of of said data network, and means for receiving voice samples from either the data network or the telephone network, and for verifying the samples against the voice prints.

 Apparatus for verifying a user's voice prior to allowing a transaction to take place, said apparatus comprising:

> means for storing a plurality of voice prints, said voice prints corresponding to voices of potential consumers desiring to engage in a transaction:

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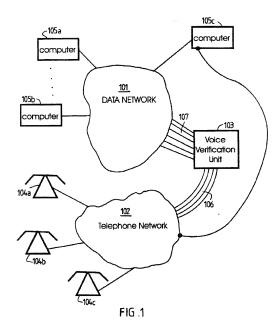
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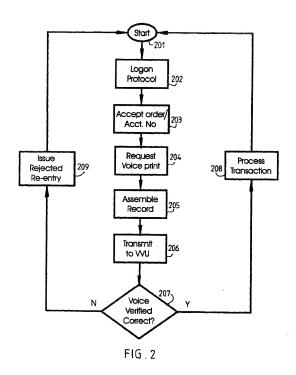
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means for accepting a transaction from a con-

means for acquiring a voice sample from said consumer prior to allowing said transaction;

- means for comparing said voice sample to a voice print corresponding to said consumer, and for allowing said transaction only if said comparison indicates a match to within a predetermined degree of certainty.
- Apparatus of claim 6 wherein said means for storing and said means for acquiring are on separate computer systems.
- Apparatus of claim 6 wherein said means for accepting and said means for acquiring are on a single computer system, and said means for storing is on a separate computer system.
- Apparatus of claim 6 wherein said means for storing, acquiring, accepting and comparing are all on one computer system.
- Apparatus of claim 6 wherein said means for accepting acquiring and comparing are on a first computer system and said means for storing is on a second computer system.





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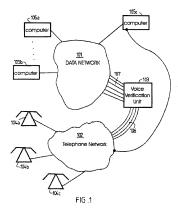
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- (71) Applicant: Gammalink Corporation Sunnyvale, California 94089 (US)

- G10L 9/06, G10L 9/18
- (72) Inventor: Fromm, Laurence J. Rockaway N.J 07866 (US)
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tacted to (i) access a prestored voice print, (ii) obtain a present voice sample from the consumer desiring the transaction and compare said present voice sample to the prestored voice sample, and (iii) issue a signal indicating whether or not the voice correctly verifies or not.



## Description

## **TECHNICAL FIELD**

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The use of electronic mail, data networks, and other electronic communications has become widespread over the past several years. More and more businesses and individuals are becoming connected to data networks, such as the internet, in order to communicate information in a paperless manner.

The growth in data network use has recently led to a wide variety of goods and services being offered to consumers who use such data networks. For example, many magazines are now available on line, airline tickets can be booked electronically, etc.

One general category of available online services is consumer transactions. Consumers may purchase items by entering an account number to be billed, credif card, etc. The consumer can thus place an order for an 25 item to be delivered to a specified location.

One issue of concern is security, and more particularly, authentication. Specifically, the windespread used data networks leaves open the possibility of theft of credit card numbers, passwords, and other information which a dishonest individual can use to charge purchases to the account numbers of others.

While numerous technologies for encryption and cryptograph is authentication sets, these technologies include several drawbacks. One such drawback is that as the encryption usually involves a cryptographic key, and management and record keeping with respect to all of the different keys is not a simple task. Moreover, some sophisticated mathematical algorithme exist which can decipher the cryptographic information, even without 40 advance knowledge of the cryptographic key. Finally, a clever thief may have a technique to steal the cryptographic key, just as he may have a technique to steal the password previously utilized with a particular user, account number, etc. Accordingly, the encryption technique is not completely reliable.

In view of the above, it can be appreciated that there exists a need in the art for an inproved technique of verifying a particular user's identity before accepting payment from that user or dispatching any goods or servicse to that user, in order to ensure that the payment is not being sent from a stolen credit card number or other account number.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The above and other problems of the prior art are overcome in accordance with the present invention

which relates to a technique of verifying the user's identity by use of a voice print before allowing the user to engage in commercial transactions over the data network. In accordance with one embodiment of the invention, a voice verification unit is connected to the data network. The user's ID is ascertained by means of, for example, his data network address, and his stored voice print is retrieved from a voice print bank. The user is then asked to speak a few words, in order to verify the user's identity. The verification of the user's speech pattern may take place with the aid of a separate telephone call initiated by either the voice verification unit or the user's computer and/or telephone, or by the computer accepting and processing the transaction. The verification may take place by transmitting the voice in digital form over the data network.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 shows portions of a voice network and a data network, both connected to a voice verification unit in accordance with the present invention; and,

Figure 2 shows a flow chart for implementing the basic steps necessary for practice of the present invention.

# DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Figure 1 shows a conceptual diagram of an exemplary embodiment of the invention including a voice vinflication unit 103 connected to a data network 101 and a voice network 102. As shown in Figure 1, the data network 101 includes a plurality of computers 105 and a plurality of telephones 104, several of which are shown.

Lines 107 are shown as connecting the voice verification unit 1030 to the data network 101, while lines 106 are indicated as connecting the voice verification unit to 0 the telephone network 102. It is noted that each of the networks 101 and 102 is shown separately. However, as is known to those of ordinary skill in the telecommunications art, computers 105 and voice verification unit 103 may connect to the data network by utilizing a portion of the telephone network and a modern. The networks are shown separate, and are separate logical networks, but are not intended to be entirely physically separate.

The difference botween the networks is effectively the set of addressee used to address each terminal. Specifically, each connection to the data network has a particular logical address with a specific name, while each connection to the telephone network has a particular logical address with a specific telephone number.

As is also known in the art, a user of computer 105 may access the data network, as well as other computers connected to the data network, from many different telephone numbers, but the address on the data network will be the same, irrespective of from which telephone number said data network is entared. Additionally, a single particular telephone ine may be utilized, af different times, to provide access to the data network for data network users that have different logical address esse. Accordingly, the networks are logically separate in terms of their different asto a dodress spaces, over though there may be some physical overlap between the two networks 101 and 102.

Voice verification unit 103, which will be described more fully hereafter, is utilized in order to provide security when a user of the data network 105 engages in a commercial transaction via the data network 101, Voice vorification unit 103 may communicate with computers 105 and/or telephone terminals 104, as one or both may be necessary for the performance of the functionality of voice verification unit 103 as as of forth hereafter.

Consider an exempliary transaction whereby a user of computer 105a is desirous of purchasing a service from a vendor. The vendor operatus computer 105a. Ad- 20 ditionally, each user of data network 101 is known to the data network 101 as a predetermined logical address. Such an arrangement is typical of the internet, where all users must register their internet comain name.

In one exemplary mode of operation, the user's 2% voice is stored in advance of the transaction at the storage unit of voice verification unit 103. This storage may take piace, for example, when the user first registers with the data notwork to obtain the user's logical address. For example, when the internet domain name is 30 entered, a live operator or voice processing system could be utilized to accept a voice print of predetermined duration or words. Details of how to accomplish this are described later herein.

Presuming the voice is prestored at the voice veri-siteration unit, when a user of computer 105a deteires to engage in a purchase from a vendor that operates computer 105a transmits the relevant ordering information and payment method. The payment method could be, for example, either a bank account number or credit card number. Alternatively, a depost account could be established when the user's voice is registered at VVU 103.

The computer 105c must verify the user's voice prior to allowing the transaction. In order to accomplish
such verification, computer 105c transmits the user's
logical address for data network 101 to voice verification
unit 103 in accordance with standard data transmission
techniques of protocosis utilized in data network 101.
Voice verification unit 103 then maps the received logical address to the prestored voice print and reads the
prestored voice print into its werking memory.

The next task for voice verification unit 103 is to obtain a present sample of the user's voice. One exemplary technique for accomplishing this is for voice verification unit 103 to call the user on a predetermined, or user specified, telephone number through telephone network 102 and prompt the user to speak particular words into

the telephone. Other techniques are also described later herein

An alternative technique, if the user's computer 105a has a microphone, is for the user to input his voice print at computer 105a when he places the order. For example, computer 105c could transmit a message to computer 105a, in response to the order from computer 105a. The message, which would be displayed on the screen of the user's computer, would read "Please speak the following words into your computer's microphone....\* or "Please speak your password into your computer's microphone." By utilizing a password in conjunction with voice verification, two levels of security are provided. Computer 105c would then transmit the logical address of computer 105a, along with the acquired voice, to voice verification unit 103. The voice could then be sent over the data network,. in digital form, in accordance with known techniques.

In any event, regardless of the protocol used to obtain the present voice sample, voice verification unit 103 compares the voice acquired at transaction time to the prestored voice, and returns to computer 105c a signal indicating acceptance or rejection of the voice comparison.

Figure 2 shows a conceptual flow chart of the stops to be axecuted by computer 105c operated by the inventor. After start 201, the logon protocol is executed at block 202. Logon protocol is any standard protocol which, for example, may require the user to enter a password, or any other relevant information. The user hen orders a particular service or product at block 203, which order includes an appropriate account number to which charges should be made. The account number may be a bank account number, credit card number, or other information.

Prior to filling such order, the voice sample is requested at block 204. The voice sample may be requested in one of several ways. One technique is to print a message on the user's terminal requiring the user to call 2 a particular telephone number. Included in such a message is an identification number ("transaction ID") which uniquely identifies the transaction. The transaction ID is similar to a purchase order number. The transaction ID may be generated, for example, by utilizing a hashing operation to act upon the data related to the transaction, atthough other methods may be used as well.

The transaction ID is utilized in order to be able to pair the voice sample entered at the time of transaction with the prestored voice sample. In one simple embodiment, the transaction ID may be the user's data network address.

A message would be sent to the user's terminal, stating something such as 'Please call 1-800-123-4567. Enter transaction ID ABCD, and speak your password....' The 800 number connects the consumer's telephone to computer 105c.

Upon receipt of the telephone call, the computer 105c receives the current voice sample and pairs the eurrant voice sample with the particular transaction in question, based upon the transaction ID, in order to connect the current voice sample with the particular user. Alternatively, the pairing of the voice sample with the transaction may be based upon their the user's data network address or upon his logon password. The record containing the voice sample and other information may then be sent to the voice verification unit at step 206.

Alternatively, rather than having the volce sample 1 taken at computer 10Sc, computer 10Sc and transmit the message to computer 10Se while at the same time transmitting, via data network 109, the transaction ID to the volce verification unit 103. The voice verification unit 103 would than receive the toil tree, felephone call, or 1 may receive the voice sample from the data network 101, from the user. Of course, the voice verification unit 103 could place the call as well. Voice verification unit 103 may then verify the voice received. Voice verification unit 103 may then verify the voice received. Voice verification unit 103 may then verify the voice received. Voice verification unit 103 could then send the approval with the transaction ID or data network logical address back to computer 10Sc.

In any of the above cases, subsequent to the voice sample being received from the consume, block 205 transmits the appropriate information from computer 25 transmits the appropriate information from computer 25 transmits the appropriate index 105c to voice verification until 105.1 the information may include the transaction entered by the user during a telephone call, as well as the voice sample, Alternatively, if the voice sample was received directly at the voice service of the voice service that the voice service the voice of the voice service that the voice servic

In any event, the assembled record is transmitted at block 206 to the voice verification unit 103 for processing. At block 207, the voice verification unit sends the appropriate answer back to computer 104. If the voice is verified as correct, then the transaction is processed at block 208. As also shown in Figure 2, if the voice is not verified as correct, then the transaction is rejected, 40 or atternatively, the user may be asked to reinput the voice sample, just in case the first sample was inappropriately corrupted.

In addition to the above, other embodiment for obtaining a present volee sample and comparing it to a 45
stored voice print are possible. For example, the
prestored voice sample could be-a a chosen passeword.
The voice verification unit, when prompting the user to
enter his voice, could cause a message to be displayed
on the user's terminal stating "Please speak, your passsoword. Souch a system adds an extra level of security by
requiring any potential intruder to not only be able to imiliate a party's voice, but to know the password. Additionally, should a party enter the correct password with the
incorrect voice a predetermined number of times, the
system could recognize a potential theft of the password
and take a desired action such as prompting the user to
change the password.

The voice verification unit may not be certain from which telephone number the user is accessing computer 105c. Accordingly, VVU 103 could display on computer 105c. Accordingly, VVU 103 could display on computer 105a a message sating 'Piease input a telephone number at which you can be reached, or enter ### if you can not be called.' Thereafter, the user will be called ##, will be given a predetermined time, say two hours, to call the VVU 103 and enter a voice sample. If the user made the call within the two hours, he would be required. Otherwise, the transaction will be cancelled.

The VVU 103 could be combined with, or made part of, computer 105c. Specifically, each transaction computer can have its won database of voice prints, or the voice prints can be centrally stored in VVU 103. Alternatively, the VVU 103 could store all the voice prints and simply forward them to computer 105c for processing and/or comparison.

The circuitry required to implement the voice and data recognition functions is well known to those of or-dinary skill in the art and will not be described in detail herein. Suffice to say that a typical PC based voice processing system may be utilized at both voice verification unit 103, and as part of computer 105.

With regard to obtaining the voice print for storage at the voice verification unit 103, one possible protocol recognizes the user's initial logon. Specifically, when the user logs on for the first time, the system connects him to the voice verification unit. The applications program in the voice verification unit sends a prompt message to the computer 105. The prompt message is displayed on the screen requesting that the user enter his or her voice. The voice is then stored in voice recognition unit 303, along with an associated user ID or password.

It is understood that while the above describes the preferred embodiments of the invention, various other modifications may be made without departing from the spirit or scope hereof. One enhancement involves taking into account the fact that verification algorithm may return a level of certainty rather than a binary digit. The system could allow transactions to occur if, for example, the VVU 103 returns an answer indicating that there is at least an 80% likelihood that the user is authentic. Different levels of certainty could be required for different monetary levels of transactions.

The voice print can be obtained by a data network or telephone network connection, either of which can be initiated by computer 105s, computer 105s, or VVU 103. It is also possible to utilize characteristics other than voice, such as fingerprints, retina characteristics, or other properties which are unique to an individue to

Other variations involve allocating one or more of the computing functions discussed above in the same or different computers. Specifically, one can view the described system as having the lottowing four computing functions: (i) transaction junction, for accepting a consumer transaction (ii) an acquisition function, for acquiring a present voice sample to verify before function, for

acquiring a present voice sample to verify before allowing the transaction (III) a storage function, for storing samples of numerous previously obtained voice prints to be used for comparison and verification during transactions, and (IV) a comparison function for comparing the voice sample obtained during the transaction to the previously stored voice print.

The embodimant shown in Figure 1 hereof contemplates two computers 105c and 103 which implement all four functions. However, It is possible to allocate the four functions differently, and among any number of computance. For example, the transaction computer 105c could include a copy of all voice prints of authorized users. Upon a transaction occurring, computer 105c could acquire a present voice sample and verify the sample against a previously stored voice print prior to allowing the transaction. In such an embodiment, all four of the function discussed above are implemented in computer 105cs, and the separate voice verification hardware is eliminated. Other embodiments are obesible as well 29

The above describes the preterred embodiments of the invention. It is understood however, that various other modifications and additions will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art.

## Claims

 A system for permitting users to transact data over a data network only if the user's voice is verified, 30 said system comprising;

> a first network; a second network for transmitting data in accordance with said transactions; and means for verifying a user's voice by means of the first network prior to proceeding the said transaction.

A method of transacting business over a data network comprising the steps of:

> accepting an order for a transaction from a consumer; displaying a message on a computer screen of 45

usplaying a message on a computer screen of said consumer, said message advising said consumer to enter his/her voice; receiving said voice sample and comparing

said voice sample to a prestored voice sample; and permitting said business transaction only if said

voice sample correctly verifies.

 A method of veritying a user's voice prior to allowing said user to engage in a particular transaction over a data network comprising the steps of:

obtaining, in advance of said transaction, voice

samples from numerous users of said data network:

storing said samples in a voice veritication unit; accepting at a transaction computer, a desired transaction:

prompting said consumer over said data network, substantially at the time of said desired transaction, to enter a present voice sample; transmitting said present voice sample from said transaction computer to a voice verification unit over the data network; and

transmitting a response from said voice verification unit to said computer accepting said transaction, said response indicating whether said voice correctly verifies or not.

 A method of verifying a user's voice prior to permitting the user to engage in a transaction over a data network between a user's computer and a computer providing a consumer service, said method comprising the stage of:

maintaining a database of voice prints at a voice verification unit, said database including a plurality of voice prints, each of said voice prints being associated with a particular user; receiving at said voice verification unit, from said computer providing a consumer service, information sufficient to ascortain the user desirted to engage in said transaction;

receiving a present voice sample from said us-

verifying said users identity at said voice verification unit; and

transmitting, to said computer providing a consumer service, an indication of whether said identity has been correctly verified.

5. Apparatus for verifying a user's voice comprising:

means for logging on as a first logical address to a data network;

means tor accessing a telephone network from a second logical address:

means for storing voice prints of a plurality of ot said data network, and means for receiving voice samples from either the data network or the telephone network, and for varifying the samples against the voice prints.

 Apparatus for verifying a user's voice prior to allowing a transaction to take place, said apparatus comprising;

> means for storing a plurality of voice prints, said voice prints corresponding to voices of potential consumers desiring to engage in a transaction:

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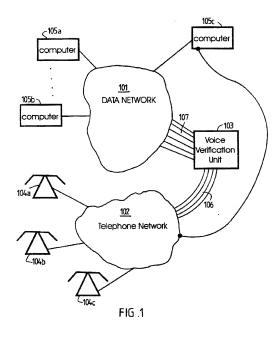
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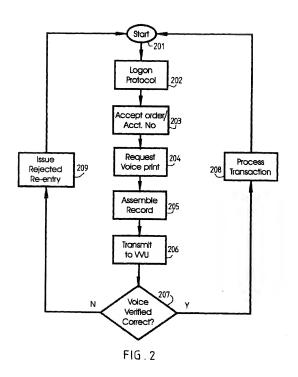
means for accepting a transaction from a consumer;

means for acquiring a voice sample from said consumer prior to allowing said transaction; and

means for comparing said voice sample to a voice print corresponding to said consumer, and for allowing said transaction only if said comparison indicates a match to within a predetermined degree of certainty.

- Apparatus of claim 6 wherein said means for storing and said means for acquiring are on separate computer systems.
- Apparatus of claim 6 wherein said means for accepting and said means for acquiring are on a single computer system, and said means for storing is on a separate computer system.
- Apparatus of claim 6 wherein said means for storing, acquiring, accepting and comparing are all on one computer system.
- Apparatus of claim 6 wherein said means for accepting acquiring and comparing are on a first computer system and said means for storing is on a second computer system.





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